



FALLON RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT

IMPORTANCE OF TRAINING



The Fallon Range Training Complex is the only Navy facility where an entire carrier air wing can train comprehensively to replicate real-life combat.

MISSION OF THE FALLON RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX

To provide the most realistic combat training environment possible for Navy and Marine Corps aviation and other missions.

PREPARING FOR REAL WORLD CONDITIONS

The Fallon Range Training Complex provides military personnel a realistic environment to prepare for worldwide deployment.

Readiness activities include:

- ▶ Anti-Air Warfare
- ▶ Expeditionary Warfare
- ▶ Strike Warfare
- ▶ Marine Special Operations Training
- ▶ Electronic Warfare
- ▶ Other training
- ▶ Naval Special Warfare
- ▶ Tactical courses, such as TOPGUN
- ▶ Joint Forces Training



A 75-year History FALLON RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX

1943 | Navy assumes control of airfield for training to support war effort



1972 | Naval Air Station Fallon commissioned as a major aviation command



1985 | Tactical air combat training system established



1987 | Home basing of adversary fighter squadron



1998 | Seahawk Weapons School for naval helicopters incorporated



1942 | Airfield constructed in response to attack on Pearl Harbor



1961 | First range complex airspace formally acquired (majority of airspace acquired by 1966)

1984 | Naval Strike Warfare Center established

1986 | Bravo (B-20) training range established



1996 | Naval Strike and Air Warfare Center established (combining TOPGUN and TOPDOME)



2010 | Airborne Electronic Attack Warfare School added